## PSCHE Skills and Knowledge Ladder <u>Dishforth C of E Primary School Progression of Skills for Personal, Social, Health Education and Citizenship</u>

We have adopted the PSCHE Association Thematic approach to the PSCHE curriculum. This has been developed in partnership with schools to help support schools develop assessment methods that fit in with the schools assessment approach and enables the assessment to be through pupil, peer and teacher assessment. There is reference to both knowledge and skill development alongside the type of questions that can be used to support

assessing pupils learning in PSHE and develop their critical thinking skills.

Acquisition of knowledge	Skill development	Type of questions that the pupils could be responding to				
Recall, name, list,	Talk about, think of questions to ask	Who?				
		What?				
		Where?				
		When?				
		Which?				
		Why?				
Identify, retell, match give an example of	Talk about, can ask questions, express own opinion, listen to the views of others, select,	Tell me in your own words				
,, ,	take part in a group activity	Which is the best answer and why?				
		What does the information show?				
		How are these the same/ different?				
		How could someone get help in this situation?				
Describe, begin to recognise,	Find ways of answering questions using sources provided, can start to solve problems	What is the effect of?				
Bestine, begin to recognise,	This ways or answering questions asing sources provided) can start to solve prosients	What are the main ideas/ feelings / thoughts of?				
		What does this mean/ what could happen?				
		Is there a different way of responding?				
Show understanding, describe actions,	With help, access sources of information, contribute to discussions, work as part of a	How would the person react to the issue / situationusing what information?				
Show anderstanding, describe detions,	team, respect the opinions of others, empathy, motivation	What do you already know that could help the person in the situation?				
	team, respect the opinions of others, empathy, motivation	What other way could the person in the situation have reacted / done?				
		Where do pressures do something you shouldn't come from?				
		How could people support and encourage others not to do something that is dangerous or harmful				
		What is the person belief/ value/ attitude?				
		What would happen if?				
Explain, begin to assess, apply, can consider what would happen if	Negotiate with others, know where to find sources of information, discuss sensitive and	What do you think the person in the situation could do next?				
	controversial issues giving reasons for opinions	What motivates the person to?				
		How could the person use the information / skills they have learnt to do something different?  How could they resist doing?				
		How isrelated to?				
		If appropriate for the topic area:				
		Why do you think?				
Final-infally and an extract an extract description	A information in decorate the decorate the second control of	What evidence can you find to support this?				
Explain fully, compare and contrast, awareness of, demonstrate	Access information independently, demonstrate, research and present an persuasive	What works / worked well?				
how, can suggest alternatives	argument, can apply what they have learnt, problem solving	What could the person have changes and / or what would you have changed?				
		Is a risk worth taking?				
		How could the situation be made better?				
		Do you agree with the actions with the outcomes?				
		What could be an effective strategy to use in this situation and why?				
		What is your opinion of?				
		What information would you use to support these views?				
Recognise complexities, analyse, detailed understanding	Weigh up, argue persuasively, present alternative views. Identify a range of solutions to a	How would you / the character prove / disprove?				
	problem, Try out different courses of action, evaluate their impact	What / which is the most important and why?				
		Why did they choose? How would another person do it differently?				
		What changes could be made to solve? To have a different outcome?				
		How could a person resolve this situation?				
Draw conclusions, inter-connections	Critically evaluate sources of information for reliability and utility, make reasoned	Can you think of another way?				
	informed judgements and choices. Hypothesise alternative courses of action, ask	Can you predict what might happen? What do you think it is going to be and why?				
	challenging questions	How could the person adaptto create a different outcome?				
		How could we pull all your ideas together?				

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						harassment	iiu
Vou voechulem:	Varracebulen	Varryasahulam	Key Vocabulary	Vov. Vocebulens	Key Vesebuleny		Vov. Vo cobulom
Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	key vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary
family	kind	Admiration	Ecstatic	Acceptable	Discrimination	Decision	Caring
friend	caring	Compliment	Exhausted	Appropriate	Exclusion	Empathy	Compassion
daddy	feelings	Conflict	Feeling	Consent	Feelings	Respect	Concerns
sister	safe	Problem	Hopeless	Permission	Friendship	Self-esteem	Conflict
brother	worried	Resolve	Jealous	Personal space	Inclusion	Self-respect	Empathy
home	helping	Angry	Mood	Positive	Lonely	Sensitivity	Feelings
feelings	sharing	Confused	Nervous	Private	Mental health	Self-awareness	Gratitude
happy	different	Nervous	Strategy	Stress	Relationship	Strategy	Mood
Mummy	Same	Sad	Нарру	Decisions	Respect	Well-being	Responsibility
sad	Special	Shy	Hopeful	Feelings	Change	Differences	Respect
like	Choices	Worried	Proud	Influence	Confidential	Disability	Affection
		Upset	Ecstatic	Pressure	Feeling	Discriminate	Behaviour
		Excited	Surprised	Respect	Friendship	Ethnicity	Family
		Нарру	Shocked	Sensitivity	Mood	Exclude	Feelings
		Silly	Worried	Self-awareness	Peer pressure	Peer	Perspectives
		Surprised	Exhausted	Strategy	Persuade	Respect	Mental health
			Ashamed	Well-being	Secret	Similarities	Separation
			Hopeless		Strategy	Unique	Siblings
			Afraid		-	Bullying	relationships
			Sad			Friendship	
			Angry			Offline	
			Nervous			Online	
			Jealous			Relationships	
			Conflict			Risk	
			Honest			Safe	
			Loyalty			Unsafe	
			Rustwroth			Advantages	
			Sadness Ioneliness			disadvantages	
			Aner				
			Physical				
			Verbal				
			Cyber				
			Social				
			Aggressive				
			Anti-social				
			Bullying				
			Conflict				
			Consequence				
			teasing				

	PSCHE SKIIIs and Knowledge Ladder  F Nursery Reception Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5						Year 6	
By the end of		Reception						
	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes
and work	Showing confidence in asking adults for help     Usually adapting their behaviour to different events, social situations and changes in routine     Demonstrating friendly behaviour, initiating conversations and forming good relationships with peers and familiar adults	Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly; -     Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet, and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.	What rules are; caring for others' needs; looking after the environment     Using the internet and digital devices; communicating online     Strengths and interests; jobs in the community	Belonging to a group; roles and responsibilities; being the same and different in the community     The internet in everyday life; online content and information     What money is; needs and wants; looking after money	The value of rules and laws; rights, freedoms and responsibilities How the internet is used; assessing information online Different jobs and skills; job stereotypes; setting personal goals	What makes a community; shared responsibilities     How data is shared and used     Making decisions about money; using and keeping money safe.	Protecting the environment; compassion towards others How information online is targeted; different media types, their role and impact Identifying job interests and aspirations; what influences career choices; workplace stereotypes	Valuing diversity; challenging discrimination and stereotypes     Evaluating media sources; sharing things online     Influences and attitudes to money; money and financial risk
<b>≥</b>	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge
Living in the wider world  Belonging to a community, Media literacy and digital resilience, Money	To persist independently and know when/who to ask for help from when needed  With support regulate their behaviours according to different situations.  To tolerate others playing nearby and accept class rules e.g. sharing resources and turn taking with adult support when necessary.  To form a secure relationship with adults and pupils.	<ul> <li>To know the school rules and Class rules, to demonstrate understanding of why class rules are in place and how to follow them.</li> <li>To recognise the impact of their behaviour on others (Insp framework)</li> <li>To be able to get when using dressing up clothes, or changing into outdoor clothing.</li> <li>To Independently use the toilet and wash their hands</li> <li>To now how to wash your hands.</li> <li>To understand what foods are healthy, for example, that we eat fruit at snack time because it is healthy for us.</li> <li>To understand what foods are unhealthy and should be eaten in limited amounts, for example too many sweets and too much sugar are unhealthy for our teeth and bodies.</li> <li>To know how to clean and care for our teeth. (Insp framework)</li> </ul>	about examples of rules in different situations, e.g. class rules, rules at home, rules outside that different people have different needs how we care for people, animals and other living things in different ways how they can look after the environment, e.g. recycling how and why people use the internet the benefits of using the internet and digital devices how people find things out and communicate safely with others online that everyone has different strengths, in and out of school about how different strengths and interests are needed to do different jobs about people whose job it is to help us in the community about different jobs and the work people do	about being a part of different groups, and the role they play in these groups e.g. class, teams, faith groups     about different rights and responsibilities that they have in school and the wider community     about how a community can help people from different groups to feel included     to recognise that they are all equal, and ways in which they are the same and different to others in their community     the ways in which people can access the internet e.g. phones, tablets, computers     to recognise the purpose and value of the internet in everyday life     to recognise that some content on the internet is factual and some is for entertainment e.g. news, games, videos     that information online might not always be true     about what money is and its different forms e.g. coins, notes, and ways of paying for things e.g. debit cards, electronic payments     how money can be kept and looked after     about getting, keeping and spending money     that people are paid money for the job they do     how to recognise the difference between needs and wants     how people make choices about spending money, including thinking about needs and wants	<ul> <li>the reasons for rules and laws in wider society</li> <li>the importance of abiding by the law and what might happen if rules and laws are broken</li> <li>what human rights are and how they protect people</li> <li>to identify basic examples of human rights including the rights of children</li> <li>about how they have rights and also responsibilities</li> <li>that with every right there is also a responsibility e.g. the right to an education and the responsibility to learn</li> <li>how the internet can be used positively for leisure, for school and for work</li> <li>to recognise that images and information online can be altered or adapted and the reasons for why this happens</li> <li>strategies to recognise whether something they see online is true or accurate</li> <li>to evaluate whether a game is suitable to play or a website is appropriate for their age-group</li> <li>to make safe, reliable choices from search results</li> <li>how to report something seen or experienced online that concerns them e.g. images or content that worry them, unkind or inappropriate communication</li> <li>about jobs that people may have from different sectors e.g. teachers, business people, charity work</li> <li>that people can have more than one job at once or over their lifetime</li> <li>about common myths and gender stereotypes related to work</li> <li>to challenge stereotypes through examples of role models in different fields of work e.g. women in STEM</li> <li>about some of the skills needed to do a job, such as teamwork and decision-making</li> <li>to recognise their interests, skills and achievements and how these might link to future jobs</li> <li>how to set goals that they would like to achieve this year e.g. learn a new hobby</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>the meaning and benefits of living in a community</li> <li>to recognise that they belong to different communities as well as the school community</li> <li>about the different groups that make up and contribute to a community</li> <li>about the individuals and groups that help the local community, including through volunteering and work</li> <li>how to show compassion towards others in need and the shared responsibilities of caring for them</li> <li>that everything shared online has a digital footprint</li> <li>that organisations can use personal information to encourage people to buy things</li> <li>to recognise what online adverts look like</li> <li>to compare content shared for factual purposes and for advertising</li> <li>why people might choose to buy or not buy something online e.g. from seeing an advert</li> <li>that search results are ordered based on the popularity of the website and that this can affect what information people access</li> <li>how people make different spending decisions based on their budget, values and needs</li> <li>how to keep track of money and why it is important to know how much is being spent</li> <li>about different ways to pay for things such as cash, cards, e-payment and the reasons for using them</li> <li>that how people spend money can have positive or negative effects on others e.g. charities, single use plastics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>about how resources are allocated and the effect this has on individuals, communities and the environment</li> <li>the importance of protecting the environment and how everyday actions can either support or damage it</li> <li>how to show compassion for the environment, animals and other living things</li> <li>about the way that money is spent and how it affects the environment</li> <li>to express their own opinions about their responsibility towards the environment</li> <li>to identify different types of media and their different purposes e.g. to entertain, inform, persuade or advertise</li> <li>basic strategies to assess whether content online (e.g. research, news, reviews, blogs) is based on fact, opinion, or is biased</li> <li>that some media and online content promote stereotypes</li> <li>how to assess which search results are more reliable than others</li> <li>to recognise unsafe or suspicious content online</li> <li>how devices store and share information</li> <li>to identify jobs that they might like to do in the future</li> <li>about the role ambition can play in achieving a future career</li> <li>how or why someone might choose a certain career</li> <li>about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career, including pay, working conditions, personal interests, strengths and qualities, family, values</li> <li>the importance of diversity and inclusion to promote people's career opportunities</li> <li>about stereotyping in the workplace, its impact and how to challenge it</li> <li>that there is a variety of routes into work e.g. college, apprenticeships, university, training</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>what prejudice means</li> <li>to differentiate between prejudice and discrimination</li> <li>how to recognise acts of discrimination</li> <li>strategies to safely respond to and challenge discrimination</li> <li>how to recognise stereotypes in different contexts and the influence they have on attitudes and understanding of different groups</li> <li>how stereotypes are perpetuated and how to challenge this</li> <li>about the benefits of safe internet use e.g. learning, connecting and communicating</li> <li>how and why images online might be manipulated, altered, or faked</li> <li>how to recognise when images might have been altered</li> <li>why people choose to communicate through social media and some of the risks and challenges of doing so</li> <li>that social media sites have age restrictions and regulations for use</li> <li>the reasons why some media and online content is not appropriate for children</li> <li>how online content can be designed to manipulate people's emotions and encourage them to read or share things • about sharing things online, including rules and laws relating to this • how to recognise what is appropriate to share online • how to report inappropriate online content or contact</li> <li>about the role that money plays in people's lives, attitudes towards it and what influences decisions about money</li> <li>about value for money and how to judge if something is value for money</li> <li>about value for money and how to judge if something is value for money</li> <li>how companies encourage customers to buy things and why it is important to be a critical consumer</li> <li>how how ig or not having money can impact on a person's emotions, health and wellbeing</li> <li>about common risks associated with money, including debt, fraud and gambling</li> </ul>

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							<ul> <li>how money can be gained or lost e.g. stolen, through scams or gambling and how these put people at financial risk</li> <li>how to get help if they are concerned about gambling or other financial risks</li> </ul>
Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary
Help please Hello Come play Taking turns Friends	Rules Good and Bad choices Toilet Wipe Wash hands Clean Healthy Unhealthy	Environment Global Harm Local Pollution Re-cycle Bank Coin Chores Enterprise Job Need Notes Values want	Calculate Change Finace Plan Saving Transaction value	Consequence Democracy Duties Enforced Laws Resolve Rights rules	Advertisement Debate Issue Media Personal information Persuade Responsibility Risk Tactics Community Environment Group Local area Protection Recycle Responsibilities Reuse Volunteers Career Discrimination Gender stereotypes Job Qualities Skills Stereotype Wellbeing Workplace Alcohol Drug Health Illegal Legal Law Mental health Myth	Direct discrimination Discrimination Equality Harassment Indirect discrimination Inequality Racism Stereotypes Victimisation Aspiration Communication Conflict Enterprise Job Negotiation Skills Teamwork Workplace Content Data Digital footprint Digit resilience Information Offline Online Reliable sources	Caring Compassion Concerns Conflict Empathy Feelings Gratitude Mood Responsibility Bullying characteristics Community Cyber bullying Discrimination Mental health Prejudice Racism Well-being Ballot Candidates Democracy House of commons House of Parliament Members of Parliament Political party voting
					Resist		

By the end of	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes	Key Learning Outcomes
Keeping safe	<ul> <li>Playing in a group and extending and elaborating play ideas</li> <li>Initiating play, offering opportunities for others to join in</li> <li>Keeping play going by responding to what others are saying</li> <li>Enjoy playing with others, responding positively to what others say and concentrate for longer periods on their play.</li> </ul>	Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge; - Children are highly motivated and eager to join in, they have positive attitudes to their learning and play, participating and responding positively to requests and instructions (inspection framework)	Keeping healthy; food and exercise, hygiene routines; sun safety     Recognising what makes them unique and special; feelings; managing when things go wrong     How rules and age restrictions help us; keeping safe online	Why sleep is important; medicines and keeping healthy; keeping teeth healthy; managing feelings and asking for help     Growing older; naming body parts; moving class or year     Safety in different environments; risk and safety at home; emergencies	Health choices and habits; what affects feelings; expressing feelings     Personal strengths and achievements; managing and reframing setbacks     Risks and hazards; safety in the local environment and unfamiliar places	Maintaining a balanced lifestyle; oral hygiene and dental care     Physical and emotional changes in puberty; external genitalia; personal hygiene routines; support with puberty     Medicines and household products; drugs common to everyday life	Healthy sleep habits; sun safety; medicines, vaccinations, immunisations and allergies     Personal identity; recognising individuality and different qualities; mental wellbeing     Keeping safe in different situations, including responding in emergencies, first aid and FGM	What affects mental health and ways to take care of it; managing change, loss and bereavement; managing time online     Human reproduction and birth; increasing independence; managing transition     Keeping personal information safe; regulations and choices; drug use and the law; drug use and the media
	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge	Key Skills and Knowledge
Health and Mental wellbeing, Growing and changing,	<ul> <li>To play collectively with others on a shared game or activity.</li> <li>To be able to offer ideas whilst making and building.</li> <li>To encourage others to join in the game.</li> <li>To be resilient and work collaboratively.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be confident in new activities.</li> <li>Children feel safe and secure (insp framework)</li> <li>To be able to solve problems independently.</li> <li>To show resilience and perseverance when solving problems.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>what it means to be healthy and why it is important</li> <li>ways to take care of themselves on a daily basis</li> <li>about basic hygiene routines, e.g. hand washing</li> <li>about healthy and unhealthy foods, including sugar intake</li> <li>about physical activity and how it keeps people healthy</li> <li>about different types of play, including balancing indoor, outdoor and screen-based play</li> <li>about people who can help them to stay healthy, such as parents, doctors, nurses, dentists, lunch supervisors</li> <li>how to keep safe in the sun</li> <li>to recognise what makes them special and unique including their likes, dislikes and what they are good at</li> <li>how to manage and whom to tell when finding things difficult, or when things go wrong</li> <li>how they are the same and different to others</li> <li>about different kinds of feelings</li> <li>how to recognise feelings in themselves and others</li> <li>how feelings can affect how people behave</li> <li>how relings can help to keep us safe</li> <li>why some things have age restrictions, e.g. TV and film, games, toys or play areas basic rules for keeping safe online</li> <li>whom to tell if they see something online that makes them feel unhappy, worried, or scared</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>about routines and habits for maintaining good physical and mental health</li> <li>why sleep and rest are important for growing and keeping healthy</li> <li>that medicines, including vaccinations and immunisations, can help people stay healthy and manage allergies</li> <li>the importance of, and routines for, brushing teeth and visiting the dentist</li> <li>about food and drink that affect dental health</li> <li>how to describe and share a range of feelings</li> <li>ways to feel good, calm down or change their mood e.g. playing outside, listening to music, spending time with others</li> <li>how to manage big feelings including those associated with change, loss and bereavement</li> <li>when and how to ask for help, and how to help others, with their feelings#</li> <li>about the human life cycle and how people grow from young to old</li> <li>how our needs and bodies change as we grow up</li> <li>to identify and name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vulva, vagina, penis, testicles)</li> <li>about change as people grow up, including new opportunities and responsibilities</li> <li>preparing to move to a new class and setting goals for next year</li> <li>how to recognise risk in everyday situations, e.g. road, water and rail safety, medicines</li> <li>how to help keep themselves safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments, such as in school, online and 'out and about'</li> <li>to identify potential unsafe situations, who is responsible for keeping them safe in these situations, and steps they can take to avoid or remove themselves from danger</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>about the choices that people make in daily life that could affect their health</li> <li>to identify healthy and unhealthy choices (e.g. in relation to food, exercise, sleep)</li> <li>what can help people to make healthy choices and what might negatively influence them</li> <li>about habits and that sometimes they can be maintained, changed or stopped</li> <li>the positive and negative effects of habits, such as regular exercise or eating too much sugar, on a healthy lifestyle</li> <li>what is meant by a healthy, balanced diet including what foods should be eaten regularly or just occasionally</li> <li>that regular exercise such as walking or cycling has positive benefits for their mental and physical health</li> <li>about the things that affect feelings both positively and negatively</li> <li>strategies to identify and talk about their feelings</li> <li>about some of the different ways people express feelings e.g. words, actions, body language</li> <li>to recognise how feelings can change overtime and become more or less powerful</li> <li>that everyone is an individual and has unique and valuable contributions to make</li> <li>to recognise how strengths and interests form part of a person's identity</li> <li>how to identify their own personal strengths and interests and what they're proud of (in school, out of school)</li> <li>to recognise common challenges to self -worth e.g. finding school work difficult, friendship issues</li> <li>basic strategies to manage and reframe setbacks e.g. asking for help, focusing on what they can learn from a setback, remembering what they are good at, trying again</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>to identify a wide range of factors that maintain a balanced, healthy lifestyle, physically and mentally</li> <li>what good physical health means and how to recognise early signs of physical illness</li> <li>that common illnesses can be quickly and easily treated with the right care e.g. visiting the doctor when necessary</li> <li>how to maintain oral hygiene and dental health, including how to brush and floss correctly</li> <li>the importance of regular visits to the dentist and the effects of different foods, drinks and substances on dental health</li> <li>how to identify external genitalia and reproductive organs</li> <li>about the physical and emotional changes during puberty</li> <li>strategies to manage the changes during puberty including menstruation</li> <li>the importance of personal hygiene routines during puberty including washing regularly and using deodorant</li> <li>how to discuss the challenges of puberty with a trusted adult</li> <li>how to get information, help and advice about puberty</li> <li>the importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely</li> <li>to recognise what is meant by a 'drug'</li> <li>that drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, ecigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) can affect health and wellbeing</li> <li>to identify some of the effects related to different drugs and that all drugs, including medicines, may have side effects</li> <li>to identify some of the risks associated with drugs common to everyday life</li> <li>that for some people using drugs can become a habit which is difficult to break</li> <li>how to ask for help or advice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle</li> <li>healthy sleep strategies and how to maintain them</li> <li>about the benefits of being outdoors and in the sun for physical and mental health</li> <li>how to manage risk in relation to sun exposure, including skin damage and heat stroke</li> <li>how medicines can contribute to health and how allergies can be managed</li> <li>that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations</li> <li>that bacteria and viruses can affect health</li> <li>how they can prevent the spread of bacteria and viruses with everyday hygiene routines</li> <li>to recognise the shared responsibility of keeping a clean environment</li> <li>about personal identity and what contributes to it, including race, sex, gender, family, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes</li> <li>that for some people their gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex</li> <li>how to recognise, respect and express their individuality and personal qualities</li> <li>ways to boost their mood and improve emotional wellbeing</li> <li>about the link between participating in interests, hobbies and community groups and mental wellbeing</li> <li>to identify when situations are becoming risky, unsafe or an emergency</li> <li>to identify occasions where they can help take responsibility for their own safety</li> <li>to differentiate between positive risk taking (e.g. trying a challenging new sport) and dangerous behaviour</li> <li>how to deal with common injuries using basic first aid techniques</li> <li>how to respond in an emergency, including when and how to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>that mental health is just as important as physical health and that both need looking after</li> <li>to recognise that anyone can be affected by mental ill-health and that difficulties can be resolved with help and support</li> <li>how negative experiences such as being bullied or feeling lonely can affect mental wellbeing</li> <li>positive strategies for managing feelings</li> <li>that there are situations when someone may experience mixed or conflicting feelings</li> <li>how feelings can often be helpful, whilst recognising that they sometimes need to be overcome</li> <li>to recognise that if someone experiences feelings that are not so good (most or all of the time) – help and support is available</li> <li>identify where they and others can ask for help and support with mental wellbeing in and outside school</li> <li>the importance of asking for support from a trusted adult</li> <li>about the changes that may occur in life including death, and how these can cause conflicting feelings</li> <li>that changes can mean people experience feelings of loss or grief</li> <li>about the process of grieving and how grief can be expressed</li> <li>about strategies that can help someone cope with the feelings associated with change or loss</li> <li>to identify how to ask for help and support with loss, grief or other aspects of change</li> <li>how balancing time online with other activities helps to maintain their health and wellbeing</li> <li>strategies to manage time spent online and foster positive habits e.g. switching phone off at night</li> <li>what to do and whom to tell if they are frightened or worried about something they have seen online</li> </ul>

 	 SCHE Skills and Knowledge	e Laaaer		
	how to help keep themselves safe	how to identify typical hazards at	contact different emergency	to recognise some of the changes
	at home in relation to electrical	home and in school	services	as they grow up e.g. increasing
	appliances, fire safety and	how to predict, assess and		independence
	<ul><li>medicines/household products</li><li>about things that people can put</li></ul>	manage risk in everyday situations e.g. crossing the road,		about what being more independent might be like,
	into their body or onto their skin	running in the playground, in the		including how it may feel
	(e.g. medicines and creams) and	kitchen		about the transition to secondary
	how these can affect how people	about fire safety at home		school and how this may affect
	feel	including the need for smoke		their feelings
	how to respond if there is an	alarms		about how relationships may
	accident and someone is hurt	the importance of following		change as they grow up or move
	about whose job it is to keep us	safety rules from parents and		to secondary school
	safe and how to get help in an emergency, including how to dial	other adults		practical strategies that can help to manage times of change and
	999 and what to say	how to help keep themselves safe in the local environment or		transition e.g. practising the bus
		unfamiliar places, including road,		route to secondary school
		rail, water and firework safety		identify the links between love,
				committed relationships and
				conception
				what sexual intercourse is, and
				how it can be one part of an
				intimate relationship between consenting adults
				how pregnancy occurs i.e. when a
				sperm meets an egg and the
				fertilised egg settles into the
				lining of the womb
				that pregnancy can be prevented  "It as a transaction 2".  "The second of the sec
				with contraception <sup>2</sup>
				about the responsibilities of being a parent or carer and how having
				a baby changes someone's life
				how to protect personal
				information online
				to identify potential risks of
				personal information being
				<ul><li>misused</li><li>strategies for dealing with</li></ul>
				requests for personal information
				or images of themselves
				to identify types of images that
				are appropriate to share with
				others and those which might not
				be appropriate
				that images or text can be quickly shared with others, even when
				only sent to one person, and what
				the impact of this might be
				what to do if they take, share or
				come across an image which may
				upset, hurt or embarrass them or
				others
				how to report the misuse of personal information or sharing of
				upsetting content/ images online
				about the different age rating
				systems for social media, T.V,
				films, games and online gaming
				why age restrictions are
				important and how they help
				people make safe decisions about what to watch, use or play
				about the risks and effects of
				different drugs
				about the laws relating to drugs
				common to everyday life and
				illegal drugs
				to recognise why people choose     to use or not use drugs, including
				to use or not use drugs, including nicotine, alcohol and medicines as
				well as illegal drugs
				about the organisations where
				people can get help and support
				concerning drug use
				how to ask for help if they have
				concerns about drug use

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							<ul> <li>about mixed messages in the media relating to drug use and how they might influence opinions and decisions</li> <li>strategies to manage the changes during puberty including menstruation</li> <li>key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams</li> </ul>
Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary
body ears mouth nose eyes hands knees head tummy heart healthy unhealthy food exercise sleep drink tired unwell wash clean medicine rest like dislike feelings growing changing safety happy hot cold	Play Resilience Perseverance Problem solving	Dentist Germs hygiene	Dairy Grains Heart Rate Meat Mental Health Physical Activity Physical health Wellbeing Emergency Restrictions Risk Rules Trustworthy	Emotion Experience Feelings Intensity Mental Health Self-awareness Sensitivity Transition Well-being Acidic Enamel Fibre Oral Health Physical Activity Stress Wellbeing Addictive Carbon monoxide Nicotine Passive smoking	Allergy Balanced Diet Defend Disease Healthy lifestyle Immune system Immunisation Physical illness Vaccine Vaccination Bereavement Change Confidential Feelings Loss Physical activity Mental health Strategy Wellbeing Age restriction Confidential Digital footprint Internet Online safety Personal safety Responsibility Safe Social media	Behaviour Benefit Consequence Habit Health Healthy lifestyle Healthy diet Nutrition Obesity Feelings Risk Body Language Co-operation Consequence Compassion Feelings Responsibility Self-awareness Sensitivity Vulnerable Consequence Discrimination Equality Fair Justice Safety Law Responsibility Rights	CPR Emergency First Aid Immunisation Injury Skin Cancer Sun Exposure UV Vaccination Addition Drugs Hallucinations Illegal Legal Smoking Solvents Substance abuse Vaping Age restriction Confidential Digital footprint Internet Online safety Personal safety Responsibility Safe Social media Bereavement Loss Mental health Qualities Responsibility Self-worth Separation Setback